

Flow up of implementation celli pass play

Course Instructor	Salah N. Farhan				
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Title	Fluid flow				
Course Coordinator	Annual				
Course Objective	this is a basic lectures for a first-level course in process engineering fluid mechanics, which emphasizes the systematic application of fundamental principles (e.g., macroscopic mass, energy, and momentum balances and economics) to the analysis of a variety of fluid problems of a practical nature.				
Course Description	The scope of coverage includes internal flows of Newtonian and non- Newtonian incompressible fluids, adiabatic and isothermal compressible flows (up to sonic or choking conditions), two-phase (gas–liquid, solid– liquid, and gas–solid) flows, external flows (e.g., drag), and flow in porous media. Applications include dimensional analysis and scale-up, piping systems with fittings for Newtonian and non-Newtonian fluids (for unknown driving force, unknown flow rate, unknown diameter, or most economical diameter), compressible pipe flows up to choked flow, flow measurement and control, pumps, compressors, fluid-particle separation methods.				
Textbook	- Coulson, J.M. and J.F. Richardson, "Chemical Engineering", Vol.I " Fluid Flow, Heat Transfer, and Mass Transfer" °th edition, (١٩٩٨). ۲- Holland, F.A. "Fluid Flow for Chemical Engineers" Arnold, (١٩٨٠).				
Course Assessments	Term Tests	Laboratory	Quizzes	Project	Final Exam
	As (۳0%)	As (\•%)	As (°%)		As (°•٪)
General Notes	Type here general notes regarding the course				

Republic of Iraq

The Ministry Of Higher Education

& Scientific Research



University: Diyala College: Engineering Department: Chemical Engineering Stage: Third Lecturer name: Salah N. Farhan Qualification: pH-D chemical Eng.

Course Weekly Outline

Week	Date	Topes Covered	Lab. Experiment Assignments	Notes
)	23,72-9-7.12	Introduction, physical properties of fluids, useful		
		flow patterns, Newton's law of viscosity and momentum		
		transfer, Newtonian and non- Newtonian fluids		
Y	۳ • - ۹ , ۱ - ۱ • - ۲ • ۱ ٤	Introduction, Fundamentals Dimensions, Dimensional Homogeneity, Methods of Dimensional Analysis, Rayleigh's method (or Power series).		
٣	٧,٨-١٠-٢٠١٤	Buckingham's method (or П- Theorem), Selection of repeating variables, Dimensions of some important variables.		
٤	1 \$, 1 0 - 1 7 . 1 \$	Introduction, Pressure in a Fluid, Absolute and Relative Pressure, Head of Fluid, Measurement of Fluid		

		pressure	
0	¥ 1, Y Y-1 +-Y + 1 £	The Nature of Fluid Flow, Reynolds Number (Re), Overall Mass Balance and Continuity Equation.	
٦	47,29-12.12	Energy Relationships and Bernoulli's Equation, Equations of Motion , Euler's equation of motion.	
V	£,0-11-7.1£	Modification of Bernoulli's Equation Friction in Pipes, Relation between Skin Friction and Wall Shear Stress, Evaluation of Friction Factor in Straight Pipes.	
٨	11,17-11-7.1£	Figure (^r . ^A)- Vol.I , Form Friction, Total Friction Losses, Friction Losses in Noncircular Conduits, Selection of Pipe Sizes.	
٩	18,19-11-7.15	The Boundary Layer, Unsteady State Problems	
١.	¥0, Y7-11-Y • 1 £	Exam + The Boundary Layer, Unsteady State Problems(continued)	
))	7,7-17-7.12	Introduction , The Total Head (Δh) , System Heads	
17	9,117-7.12	Power Requirement , Types of Pumps , The advantages and disadvantages of the centrifugal pump	
13	13,18-13-2016	Priming The Pump, Operating Characteristics.	

15	28,72-12-2012	Centrifugal Pump Relations,		
		Homologous Centrifugal		
		Pumps		
10	۳۰,۳۱-۱۲-۲۰۱٤	Centrifugal Pumps in Series		
		and in Parallel , Centrifugal		
		Pumps in Parallel, Centrifugal		
		Pumps in Series.		
١٦	7, ۷-1-7 . 10	Types of Non-Newtonian		
		Fluids, Time-Independent		
		Non-Newtonian Fluids, Time-		
		Dependent Non-Newtonian		
		Fluids.		
) Y	14 14-4-4.10	Flow Characteristic [Au/d]	HYDRAULIC	
	3	Flow of Genral Time-	BENCH	
		Independent Non-		
		Newtonian Fluids , Flow of		
		Power-Law Fluids in Pipes		
١٨	75,70_7_7.10	Friction Losses Due to Form	OsbornReynolds	
		Friction in Laminar Flow,	Demonstration	
		Turbulent Flow and		
		Generalized Friction Factor.		
١٩	W, 2-W-Y · 10	Flow Measurement	Energy losses	
		Apparatus	ALONG	
			A nine	
۲.	1.,11_7_7.10	Pitot Tube	Pitot Tube	
۲۱	18,18-3-7.10	Measurement by Flow	Flow Through	
		Through a Constriction	A VENTURE	
			Matar	
۲۲	75,70_7_7.10	Venturi Meter, Orifice	Dead Weight	
		Meter	Calibration	
۲۳	<i>۳۱-۳,۱-٤-</i> ۲۰۱0	Notches and weirs	Fluid Friction	
			In Smooth And	
			Roughened Pine	
			Kougheneu ripe	

Y £Y,A-£-Y.10ExamFlow Measuring	
And Valves	
YoYeUnsteady State ProblemsImpact of A Jet	
Y1Y1,Y1-1-Y1Velocity of Propagation of a	
Pressure Wave , General	
Energy Equation for	
Compressible Fluids , Phenomena	
Isothermal Flow of an Ideal	
Gas in a Horizontal Pipe	
YVYA, YA-£-Y·10Maximum Velocity inStudy Of	
Isothermal Flow, Adiabatic Porous Bead In	
Flow of an Ideal Gas in a	
Horizontal Pipe , Venture Tubes	
۲۸ ۵٫۶-۵-۲۰۱۵ Maximum Velocity in Centrifugal	
Adiabatic Flow, Fans, Pump	
Blowers, and Compression	
Equipment . Characteristics	
19 17.17-0-7.10 Converging-Diverging	
Nozzles for Gas Flow	
Maximum Velocity and	
Critical Pressure Batio The	
Pressure and Area for Flow	
Total Total Total	
Agitators . Small Blade. High	
Speed Agitators, Small	
Blade, High Speed Agitators .	
Dimensionless Groups for	
Mixing, Power Curve	
TI TI, TV-0-T.10 Fluid flow through packed	
bed and terminal falling	
velocity	

INSTRUCTOR Signature:

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